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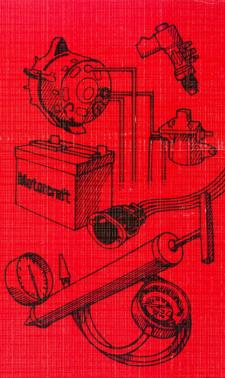
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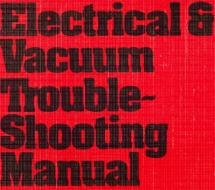
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1989 BRONCO, F-150/SUPER DUTY

ELECTRICAL AND VACUUM TROUBLESHOOTING MANUAL FPS — 12129 - 89

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1989 BRONCO, F150/SUPER DUTY

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IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

Appropriate service methods and proper repair procedures are essential for the safe, reliable operation of all motor vehicles, as well as the personal safety of the individual doing the work. This Manual provides general directions for accomplishing service and repair work with tested, effective techniques. Following them will help assure reliability.

There are numerous variations in procedures, techniques, tools, and parts for servicing vehicles, as well as in the skill of the individual doing the work. This Manual cannot possibly anticipate all such variations and provide advice or cautions as to each. Accordingly, anyone who departs from the instructions provided in this Manual must first establish that he compromises neither his personal safety nor the vehicle integrity by his choice of methods, tools or parts.

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

This manual contains the following diagnostic information:

- Electrical and Vacuum Schematics
- Component Location Indexes and Views
- Troubleshooting Hints
- Descriptions of Circuit Operation
- Component Testing

The vehicle's entire electrical system is broken down into individual systems. There are also sections for the vehicle's ground and power distribution circuitry. Each system section begins with a wiring schematic. The Schematics should always be your starting point in using this manual. These schematics show the paths of electrical current during proper circuit operation. The source of voltage (circuit breaker or fuse) is shown at the top of the page. All wire, connectors, splices, switches, and motors are shown in the flow of current to ground at the bottom of the page. Connector end views of switches and other components are shown to help with bench testing. Each circuit component is named (underlined titles). Wire and connector colors are listed (standard Ford color abbreviations are used). These abbreviations are:

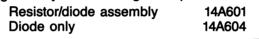
COLOR ABBREVIATIONS

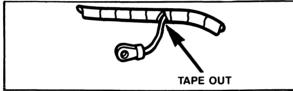
BL	Blue	Ν	Natural
BK	Black	0	Orange
BR	Brown	PK	Pink
DB	Dark Blue	R	Red
DG	Dark Green	Ρ	Purple
GR	Green	Т	Tan
GΥ	Gray	W	White
LB	Light Blue	Y	Yellow
LG	Light Green		

Where two colors are shown for a wire, the first color is the basic color of the wire. The second color is the stripe marking.

The **Component Location** section of each system helps you locate the circuit's components in the vehicle. A brief statement of the location is given as well as a reference to an ilIustrative figure in the manual. There is also a full listing of connector, ground, diode, and splice locations in the **Location Index** in the back of the manual.

Resistors and diodes are currently covered with pvc molds and are taped to the harness outside of the tubing. Many of the 1989 model year assemblies will be covered with heat shrinkable tubing making the assembly small enough to be placed within the harness bundle. The wiring diagrams show the number of times the resistor and diodes are used as well as the distance from connector/length of wire in exact centimeters. Resistors and diodes are identified on the wiring diagrams by the following base part numbers:





OTHER ABBREVIATIONS

T/O (Tape Out) The point at which a harness branches to feed a component.

The **Troubleshooting Hints** offer shortcuts or tests in a three-column format that help you determine the cause of an electrical problem. They are not intended to be a rigid procedure for solving an electrical situation. Rather, Troubleshooting Hints represent a common-sense approach that is based on an understanding of the circuit.

A description of **How the Circuit Works** is written to help you understand the operation of the circuit as a whole. Emphasis is placed on how the components and circuitry interact in a properly working system.

A **Component Testing** section provides procedures to determine whether a component is good or bad.

Notes, Cautions, and Warnings appear in boxes on text pages and contain important vehicle and mechanic safety information.

Notes give added information to help complete a particular procedure. Cautions are included to prevent making an error that could damage the vehicle. Warnings highlight areas where carelessness can cause personal injury. The following list contains some general **Warnings** that should be followed when working on a vehicle.

- Always wear safety glasses for eye protection.
- Use safety stands whenever a procedure requires being under a vehicle.
- Be sure that the **Ignition Switch** is always in the OFF position, unless otherwise required by the procedure.
- Set the parking brake when working on any vehicle. An automatic transmission should be in PARK. A manual transmission should be in NEUTRAL.
- Operate the engine only in a well-ventilated area to avoid the danger of carbon monoxide.
- Keep away from moving parts when the engine is running, especially the fan and belts.
- To prevent serious burns, avoid contact with hot metal parts such as the radiator, exhaust manifold, tail pipe, catalytic converter, and muffler.
- Do not allow flame or sparks near the battery. Gases are always present in and around the battery cell. An explosion could occur.
- Do not smoke.
- To avoid injury, always remove rings, watches, loose hanging jewelry, and loose clothing.

TROUBLESHOOTING STEPS

These six steps present an orderly method of troubleshooting:

Step 1. Verify the problem.

- Operate the complete system and see all symptoms for yourself in order to:
 - -check the accuracy and completeness of the customer's complaint.
 - -learn more that might give a clue to the nature and location of the problem.

Step 2. Narrow the problem.

- Using this manual, narrow down the possible causes and locations of the problem in order to more quickly find the exact cause.
- Read the description of *How the Circuit Works* and study the wiring diagram. You should then know enough about the circuit operation to figure out where to check for this trouble.

Step 3. Test the cause.

- Use electrical test procedures to find the specific cause of the symptoms.
- *Troubleshooting Hints* will give some helpful ideas.
- The *Component Location* charts and the pictures will help you find components, grounds, and connectors.

Step 4. Verify the cause.

• Confirm the fact that you have found the correct cause through operating the parts of the circuit you think are good.

Step 5. Make the repair.

• Repair or replace the faulty component.

Step 6. Verify the repair.

 Operate the system as in Step 1 and check that your repair has removed all symptoms, and also has not caused any new symptoms.

Some engine circuits may need special test equipment and special procedures. See the

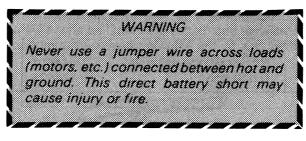
Shop Manual and other service books for details. You will find the circuits in this manual to be helpful with these special tests.

TROUBLESHOOTING TOOLS

JUMPER WIRE

This is a test lead used to connect two points of a circuit. A **Jumper Wire** can complete a circuit by bypassing an open.

Uses: Bypassing Switches or Open Circuits



VOLTMETER

A DC **Voltmeter** measures circuit voltage. Connect negative (- or black) lead to ground, and positive (+ or red) lead to voltage measuring point.

OHMMETER

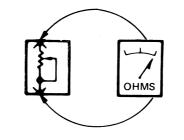


Figure 1- Resistance Check

An **Ohmmeter** shows the resistance between two connected points (Figure 1).

TEST LIGHT

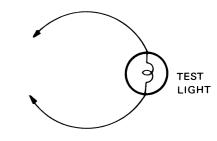


Figure 2 – Test Light

A **Test Light** is a 12-volt bulb with two test leads (Figure 2).

Uses: Voltage Check. Short Check

SELF-POWERED TEST LIGHT

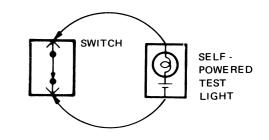


Figure 3-Continuity Check

The **Self-Powered Test Light** is a bulb, battery and set of test leads wired in series (Figure 3). When connected to two points of a continuous circuit, the bulb glows.

Uses: Continuity Check. Ground Check

CAUTION

When using a self-powered test light or ohmmeter, be sure power is off in circuit during testing. Hot circuits can cause equipment damage and false readings.

HOW TO FIND THE ELECTRICAL PROBLEM 3

TROUBLESHOOTING CHECKS

SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

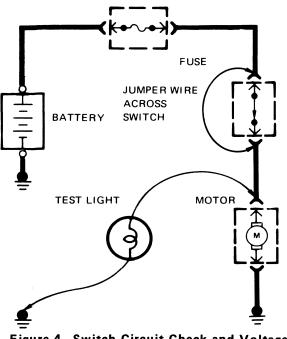


Figure 4—Switch Circuit Check and Voltage Check

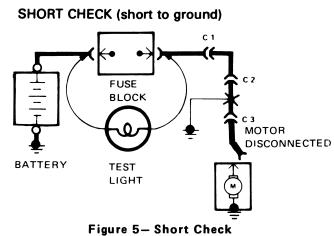
In a bad circuit with a switch in series with the load, jumper the terminals of the switch to power the load. If jumping the terminals powers the circuit, the switch is bad (Figure 4).

CONTINUITY CHECK (Locating open circuits)

With power off, connect one lead of **Self-Powered Test Light** or **Ohmmeter** to each end of circuit (Figure 3). Light will glow if circuit is closed. Switches and fuses can be checked in the same way.

VOLTAGE CHECK

Connect one lead of **Test Light** to a known good ground or the negative (-) battery terminal. Test for voltage by touching the other lead to the test point. Bulb goes on when the test point has voltage (Figure 4).



A fuse that repeatedly blows is usually caused by a short to ground. It's important to be able to locate such a short quickly (Figure 5).

- 1) Turn off everything powered through the fuse.
- 2) Disconnect other loads powered through the fuse:
 - Motors: disconnect motor connector.
 - Lights: remove bulbs.
- 3) Turn **Ignition Switch** to RUN (if necessary) to power fuse.
- 4) Connect one Test Light lead to hot end of blown fuse. Connect other lead to ground. Bulb should glow showing power to fuse. (This step is just a check to be sure you have power to the circuit.)
- 5) Disconnect the **Test Light** lead from ground and reconnect it to the load side of the fuse.
 - If the **Test Light** is off, the short is in the disconnected equipment.
 - If the **Test Light** goes on, the short is in the wiring. You must find the short by disconnecting the circuit connectors one at a time until the **Test Light** goes out. For example: with a ground at X, the bulb goes out when C1 or C2 is disconnected, but stays on after disconnecting C3. This

means the ground is between C2 and C3. "GOOD GROUND" CHECK

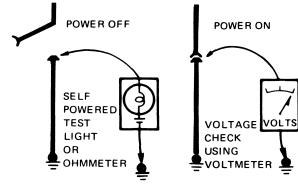


Figure 6 — Grounds Checks

Turn on power to circuit. Perform Voltage Check between suspected bad ground and frame. Any voltage means ground is bad.

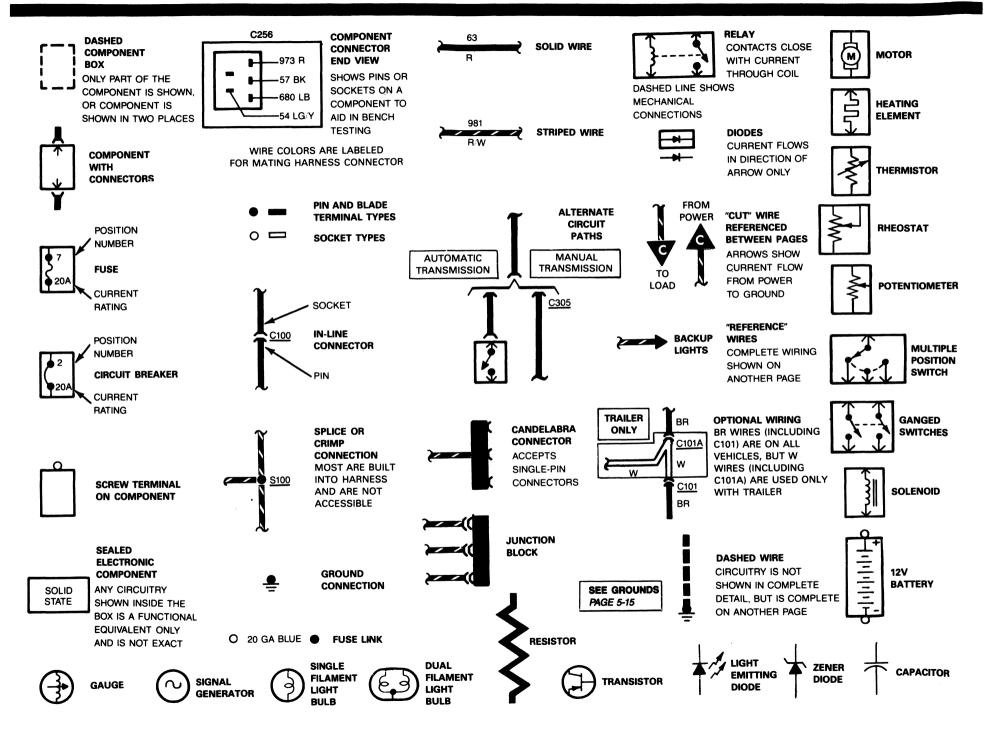
Turn off power to circuit. Connect one lead of **Self-Powered Test Light** or **Ohmmeter** to wire in question, and the other to known ground. If bulb glows, circuit ground is OK (Figure 6).

TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS

The circuit schematics in this manual are designed to make it easy to identify common points in circuits. This knowledge can help narrow the problem to a specific area. For example, if several circuits fail at the same time, check for a common power or ground connection. (See *Power Distribution* or *Grounds).* If part of a circuit fails, check the connections between the part that works and the part that doesn't work.

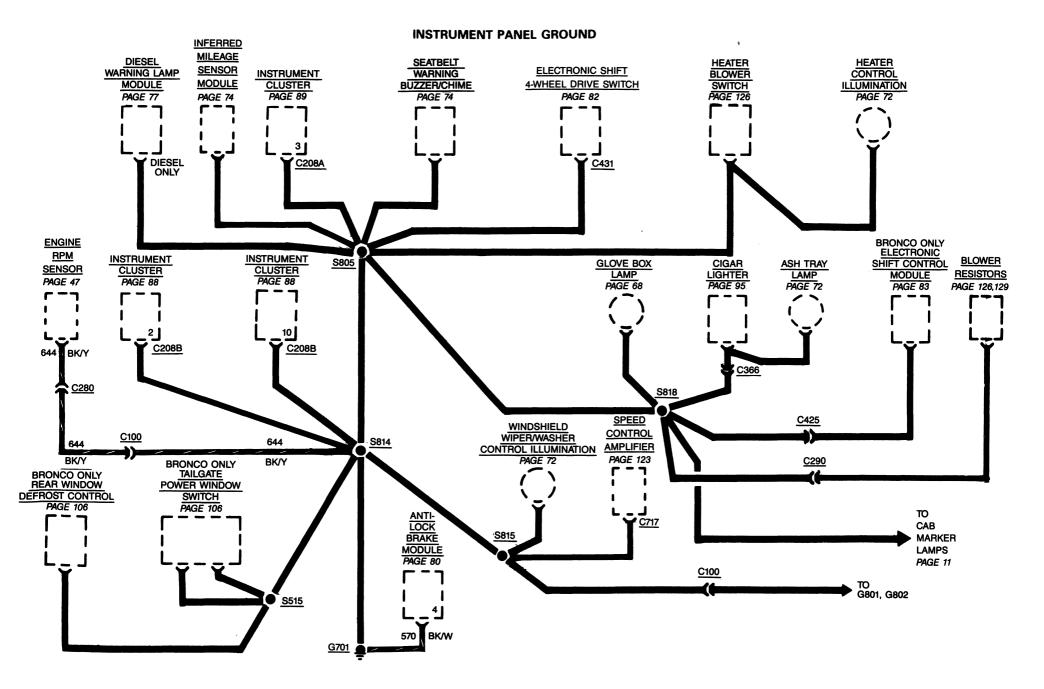
For example, if low beam headlights work but high beams and the indicator light don't work, then power and ground paths must be good. Since the dimmer switch is the component which switches this power to the high beam lights and indicator, it is most likely the cause of failure.

ELECTRICAL SYMBOLS

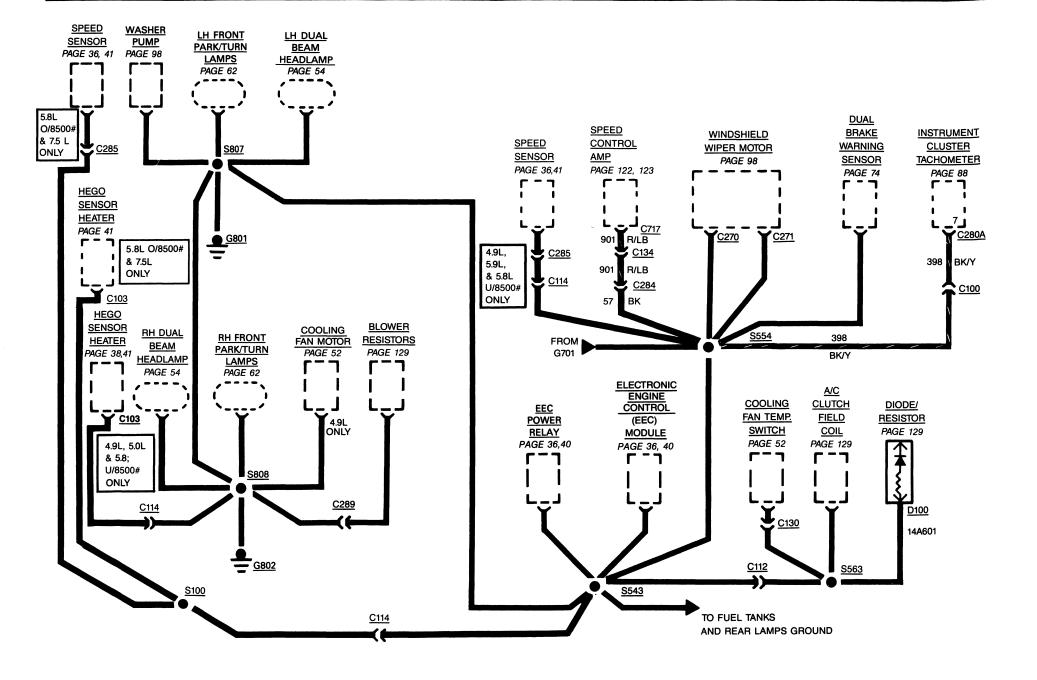


4

GROUNDS (G701) 5

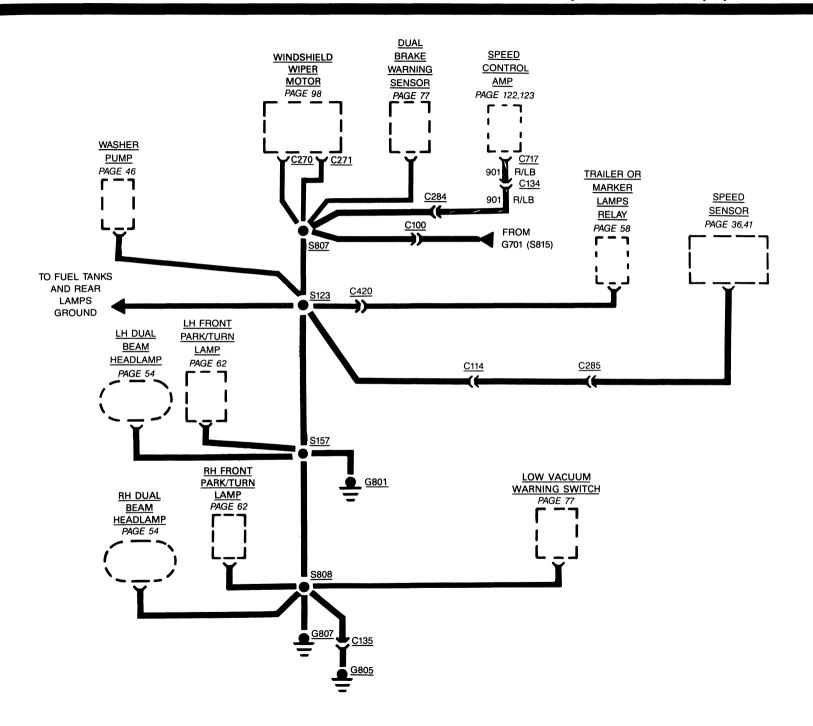


GROUNDS (G801, 802)



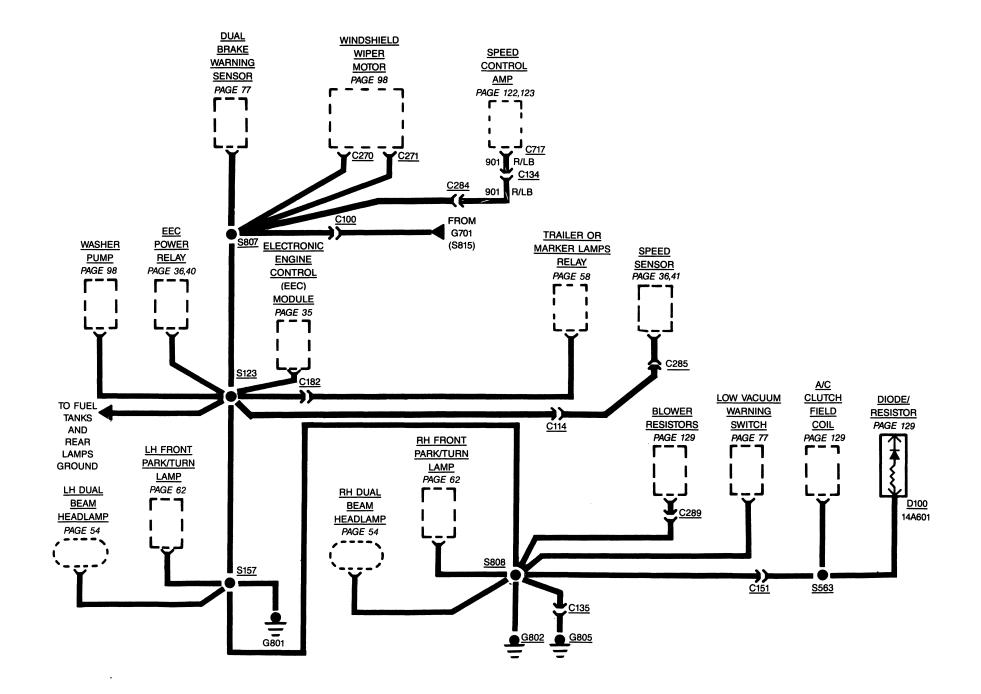
6

GROUNDS (G801, G802) (7.3L DIESEL)

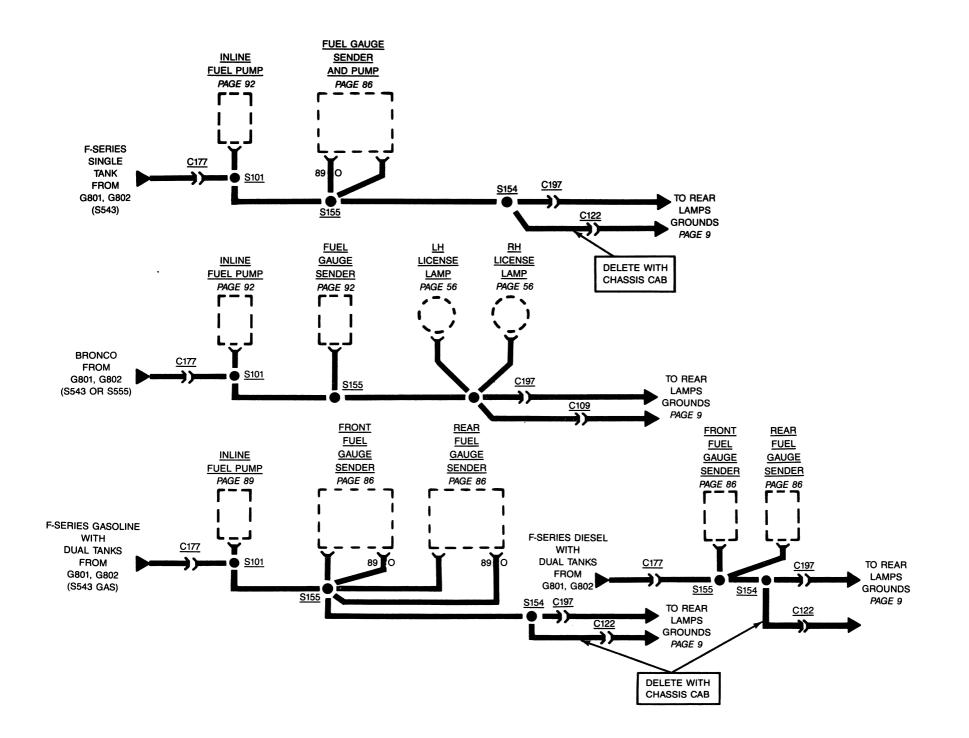


7

8 GROUNDS (G801, G802, G805) (7.3L DIESEL WITH E40D TRANS.)

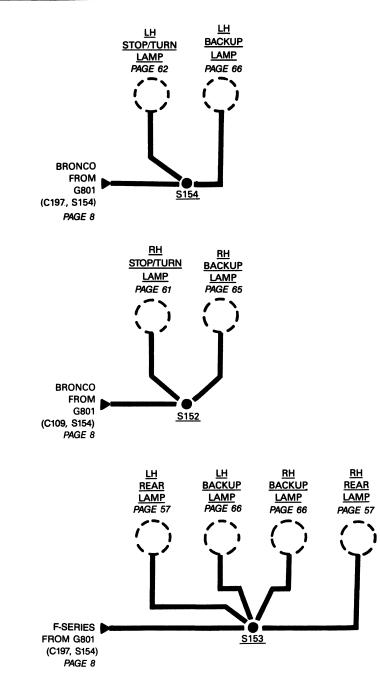


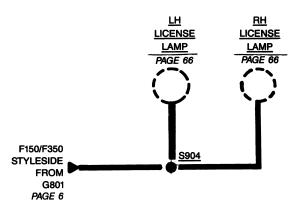
GROUNDS (FUEL TANKS AND REAR LAMPS) 9



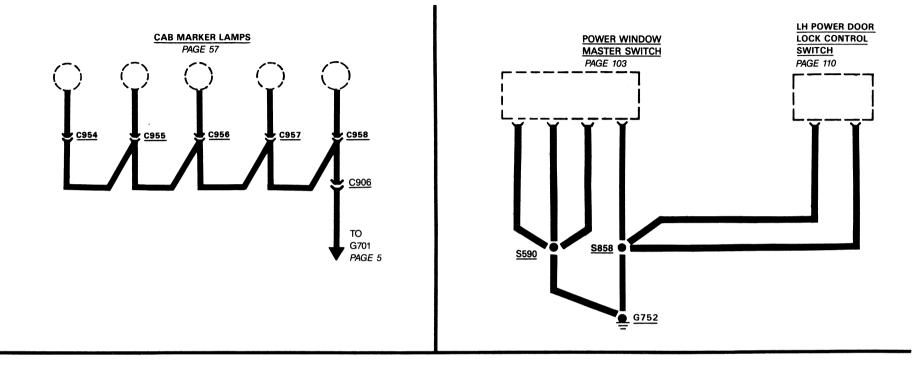
10 GROUNDS (REAR LAMPS)

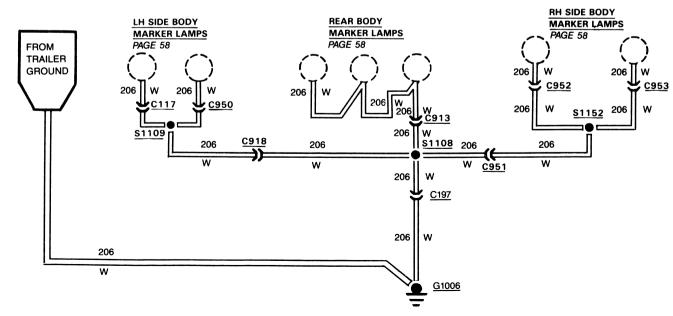
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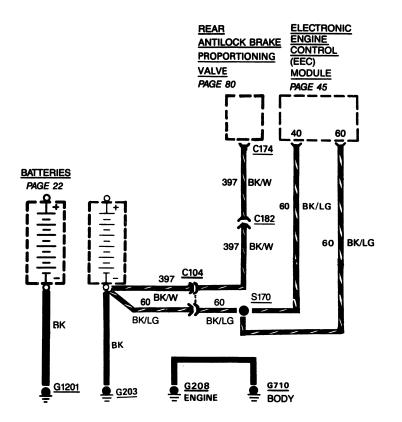


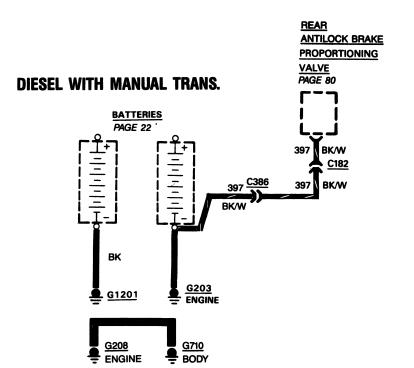


GROUNDS (CAB MARKER, G752, G1006) 11









HOW THE CIRCUIT WORKS

The ground circuits shown here are complete and connect several components together to screw terminal ground points. On other pages only parts of these circuits may be shown. Partial ground circuits are shown dashed on those pages.

All simple or component ground circuits are shown on the individual circuit pages and are complete on those pages.

All ground wires are 57 BK unless otherwise noted.

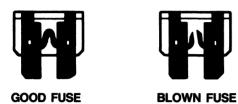
COMPONENT LOCATION

COMPONENT LOCATION		Page-
A/C Clutch Field Coil	Part of compressor	Figure
Anti-Lock Brake Module	Behind I/P left of center	
Blower Resistors	Mounted to plenum next to blower	. 131-1
Brake Sensor	Part of master cylinder	
Cooling Fan Motor	RH fender apron	
Diesel/Warning Lamp		
Module	Behind LH side of I/P near fuse panel	
Electronic Engine Control		
(EEC) Module	Behind LH kick panel	
EEC Power Relay	Under plastic shield at the air cleaner support bracket	
Rear Anti-lock Brake		
Proportioning Valve	Inside of LH frame rail behind #1 cross- member	
Electronic Shift 4 Wheel		• • •
Drive Control Module	RH cowl panel	
Fuel Tank Selector Valve	On LH side frame member behind cab	
Heater Blower Switch	At center of I/P	
Refer to Component Testing		•••
HEGO Sensor	In communicator tube connecting both	
	exhaust pipes	,135-3
Inferred Mileage Sensor	Attached to instrument panel to left of steering column	
Inline Fuel Pump	Inboard side of LH frame rail	
Low Vacuum Warning		
Switch	7.3L RH fender apron	
Power Window Master		
Switch	In LH door	
Rear Defrost Control	Under LH corner of I/P	
Seatbelt Warning		
Buzzer/Chime	Attached to rear RH side of I/P	
Electronic Shift 4-Wheel		
Drive Switch	On LH side of I/P	
Speed Sensor	At transmission	• • •
Tailgate Power Window	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Motor	In center of tailgate	
Washer Pump	In washer reservoir	
Windshield Wiper Motor	Attached to center of dash panel	

Refer to the Location Index in the back of the manual for connector, ground, diode and splice descriptions and locations.

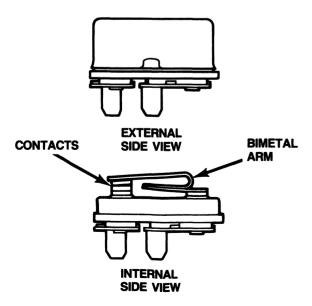
14 FUSE PANEL/CIRCUIT PROTECTION

REPLACEMENT OF FUSES/ CIRCUIT BREAKERS

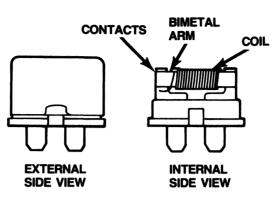


Fuses are mounted either in the **Fuse Panel** or in-line. They are identified by the numbered value in amperes, and by a color code. Some positions may have either a fuse with adapter or a circuit breaker. Be sure to replace a fuse or circuit breaker with the same kind of unit and with the same ampere rating. Remove fuses in order to check them.

CIRCUIT BREAKER OPERATION



Cycling Fuse Panel Type



Non-Cycling Fuse Panel Type

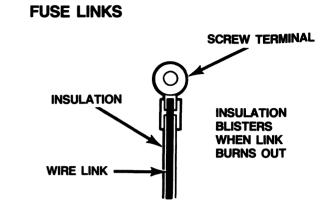


Cycling In-Line Type

Some circuits are protected by circuit breakers. (Abbreviated "c.b." in fuse chart.) They can be **Fuse Panel** mounted or in-line. Like fuses, they are rated in amperes.

Each circuit breaker conducts current through an arm made of two types of metal fastened together (bimetal arm). If the arm starts to carry too much current, it heats up. As one metal expands faster than the other the arm bends, opening the contacts. Current flow is broken. In the cycling type, the arm cools and straightens out. This closes the circuit again. This cycle repeats as long as the overcurrent exists, with power applied.

In the non-cycling type, there is also a coil wrapped around the bimetal arm. When an overcurrent exists and the contacts open, a small current passes through the coil. This current through the coil is not large enough to operate a load, but it does heat up both the coil and bimetal arm. This keeps the arm in the open position until power is removed.

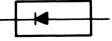


The fuse link is a short length of wire smaller in gauge than the wire in the protected circuit. The wire is covered with a thick non-flammable insulation. An overload causes the link to heat and the insulation to blister. If the overload remains, the link will melt, causing an open circuit. The links are color coded for wire size as follows:

COLOR CO	ODE
BLUE	20 GA
BROWN	18 GA
BLACK	16 GA
GREEN	14 GA

When replacing, make tight crimp joints or hot solder joints for good connections.

DIODES



Diodes are electrical devices that permit current to flow in one direction only. The current flows in the direction indicated by the arrow.

FUSE PANEL/CIRCUIT PROTECTION 15

C1	960			
		Fuse Position	Amps	Circuits Protection
$//$ TURN \backslash	9	1	15	Stop/Hazard Lamps; Speed Control
SIGNAL		2		(Not used)
		3	_	(Not used)
		4	15	Exterior Lamps; Instrument Illumination;
	5			Glove Compartment Lamp;
	10 11	5	15	Map Lamp; Turn Lamps; Backup Lamps; Rear
				Window Defrost; E40D Transmission
		6	15	Speed Control; Electronic Shift-4 Wheel Drive;
				Cargo Lamp (Bronco)
		7		(Not Used)
	لا ل	8	15	Courtesy, Dome, Cargo Lamp (F-Series); Warning Buzzer
'' 14		9	30	Heater; A/C-Heater
		10	5	Instrument Illumination; Clock Dimming
		11	15	Radio; Main Light Switch; Clock Illumination
		12	25	Tailgate Power Window; Power Mirrors
			30 c.b.	Power Door Locks; Electronic Shift-4 Wheel Drive
18 15	7	13	_	(Not used)
	C1962	14	25	Tailgate Power Window
			30 c.b.	Power Windows
		15	10	Auxiliary Fuel Tank Selector
		16	30	Horn; Cigar Lighter; Speed Control; 4.9L EFI After Run Blower
	8 4	17	20	Anti-lock Brakes
		18	15	Seatbelt Buzzer; Warning Indicators; Diesel Glow Plug Control;
	13			Diesel Indicators; Tachometer
		L		

Figure 1 - Fuse Panel

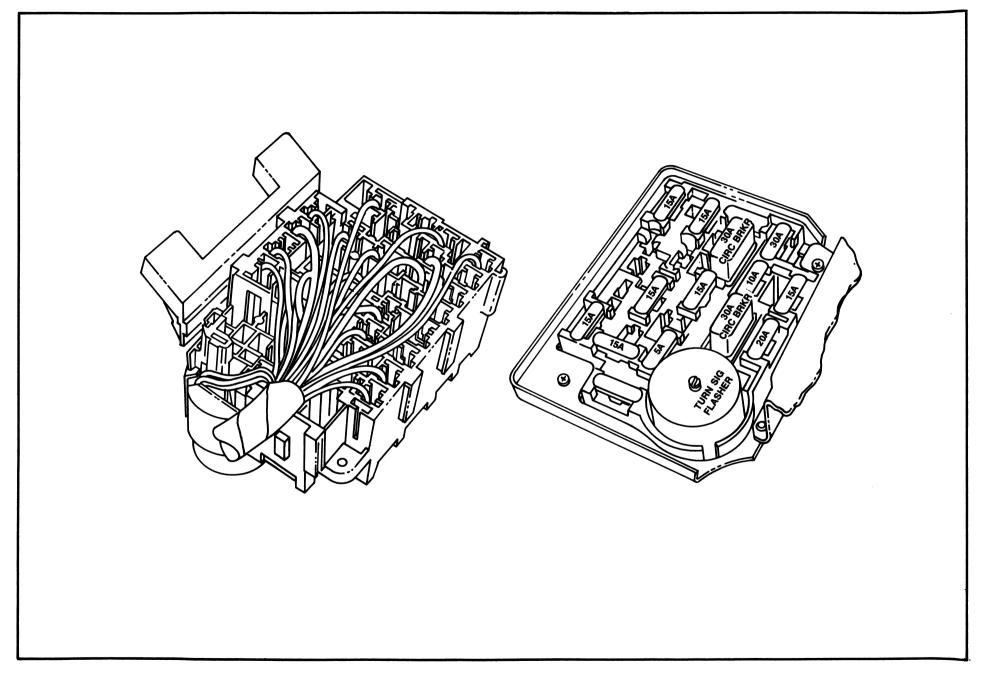
Fuse Value Amps	Color Code
4	Pink
5	Tan
10	Red
15	Light Blue
20	Yellow
25	Natural
30	Light Green

Power Distribution

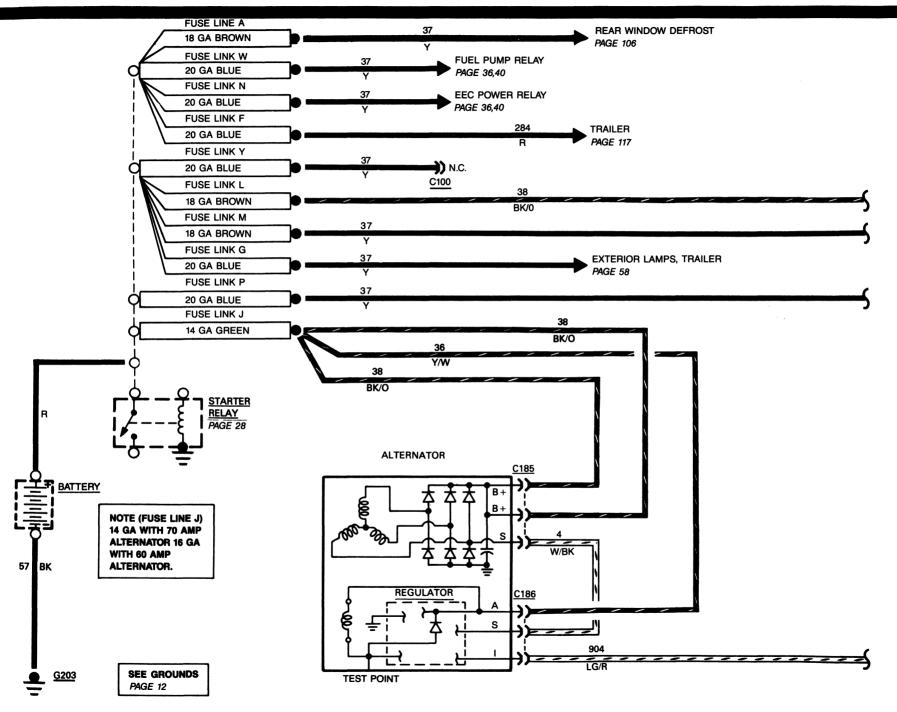
The Alternator and Battery are connected together at the Starter Relay hot terminal. Other circuits originate at the Starter Relay hot terminal and are protected by fuse links. Low power circuits are also protected by fuses.

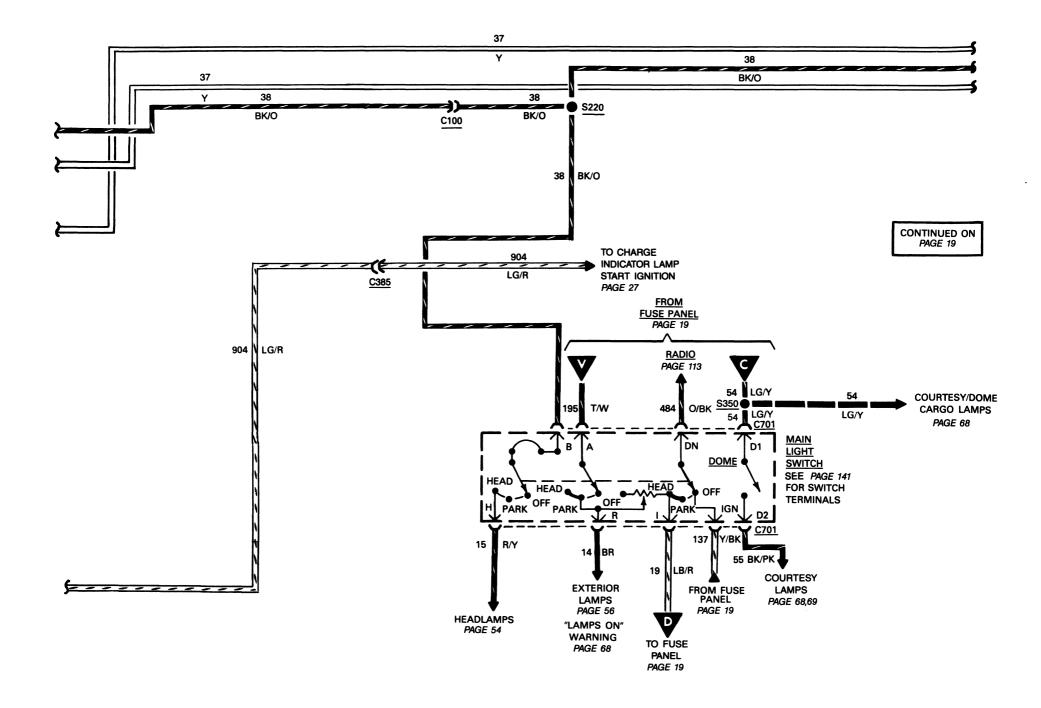
The Ignition Switch and Main Light Switch are powered at all times as are Fuses 1, 4, 8, 12, and 16. The other fuses are powered through the Ignition Switch or the Main Light Switch.

16 FUSE PANEL/CIRCUIT PROTECTION

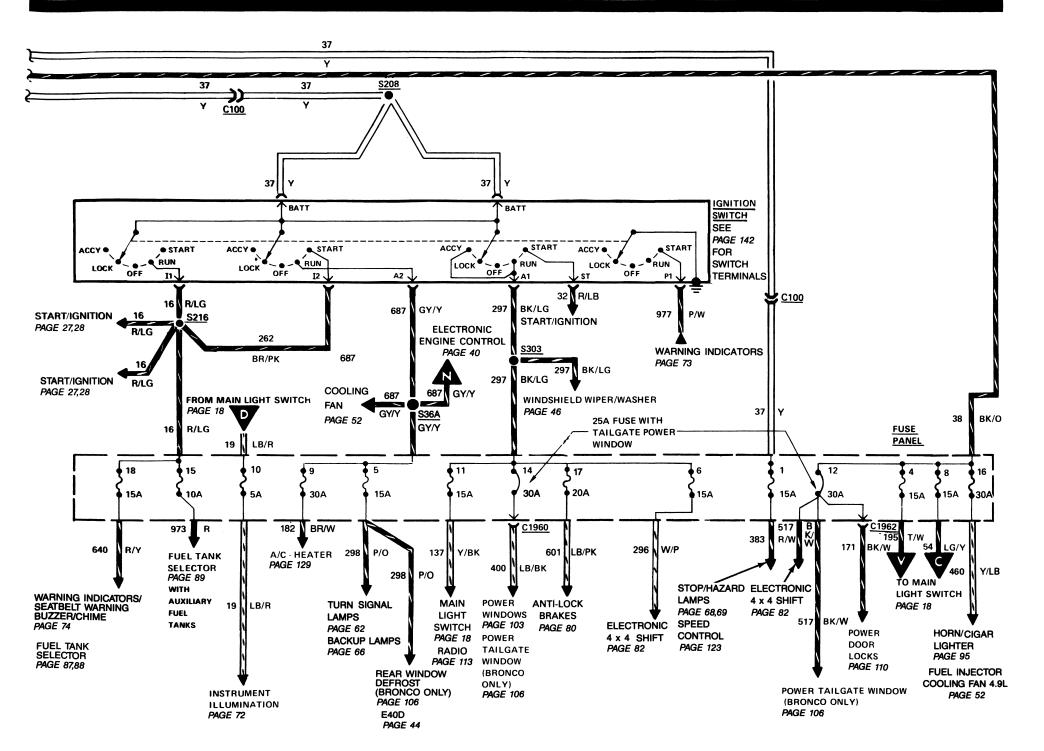


CHARGE/POWER DISTRIBUTION (GASOLINE) 17





CHARGE/POWER DISTRIBUTION (GASOLINE) 19



HOW THE CIRCUIT WORKS

The Battery, Alternator and Voltage Regulator make up the Charging System. With the Ignition Switch in RUN, Battery voltage is applied through the solid-state electronic control of the Voltage Regulator. The electronic control applies Battery voltage to the Alternator field.

With current in the field and the rotor turning, the Alternator stator produces a DC voltage at B+ terminals (to Battery). If the Alternator output voltage is greater than the Battery terminal voltage, current will flow from the Alternator to the Battery, as well as to the vehicle electrical load.

If the Alternator voltage is less than the Battery terminal voltage, current will flow from the Battery to supplement the alternator output in supplying the vehicle electrical load.

COMPONENT LOCATION

Fuse Links A,F,G,J,L,P,	
M, N, Y, W	Near starter relay
Radio Noise Capacitor	Attached to voltage regulator
Starter Relay	On RH fender apron

Refer to the Location Index in the back of the manual for connector, ground, diode and splice descriptions and locations.

Refer to section 31-01 of the shop manual.

CONDITION	POSSIBLE CAUSE	ACTION
Improper Charging	Loose/worn alternator belt	Tighten/replace
	Defective/dead battery	Replace battery
	 Fuse Link J open at starter relay 	Visually check for open in link, replace
	 Poor connection between battery terminals and cable clamps/ damaged cables 	Clean, tighten and/or replace
 Alternator Warning Indicator remains on after initial start up 	Poor connection on Alternator, Regulator, Starter Relay and/or Alternator Output Control Relay	Make sure connections are clean and tight and refer to shop manual section 31-01, Charging System Diagnosis

TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS

Page-Figure

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Figure Color Terminals

CONNECTOR LOCATION

Page-Figure Color Terminals

C386	Near RH battery —		1
C406	LH cowl under I/P —	GY	. 4
C420	Engine compartment LH side	BK	4
C425	RH cowl	BK	6
C426	RH cowl side —	GY	2
C427	RH cowl side — electric shift	<u>u</u>	2
0427	module —	GY	8
C400	RH cowl side — electric shift	Gr	0
C428		w	10
0.400	module	vv	10
C429	RH cowl side — electric shift		-
• • • • •	module —	BR	5
C430	At electric shift transfer case —	BK	10
C431	At electronic shift switch —		6
C450	LH side rear support cross	BK	2
C522	Behind center of I/P at radio —		8
C523	Lower LH cowl access hole	BR	2
C524	Lower RH cowl access hole 114-1	BR	2
C550	At windshield wiper/washer switch 102-1	BK	10
C650	At RH door lock motor	BK	2
C701	At main light switch	BK	8
C714	At speed control amplifier	GR	8
C717	At speed control amplifier	GY	6
C752	LH side of hood at engine	CI I	0
0/02	compartment lamp		1
C753	At speed control servo	BR	6
C755	At clutch switch	GR	
		GY	2 2
	LH side of driver's seat on floor pan 79-1	- ···	
C850	Lower LH cowl access hole —	GY	4
C906	At LH cowl access hole		2
C913	At center of rear body markers 60-5		4
C915	Engine compartment LH side	BK	2
C918	Near LH side of rear crossmember . 60-2	BK	4
C950	At LH rear61-8		4
C951	Near RH side of rear crossmember . 60-6	BR	2
C952	At front of RH side body marker —	BK	4
C953	At RH rear61-8	BK	4
C954	In forward part of cab roof	BK	2
C955	In forward part of cab roof	BK	2
C956	In forward part of cab roof	BK	2
C957	At front of cab roof	BK	2
C958	At front of cab roof	BK	2
C1101	Behind I/P LH end	BK	3
C1102	Behind I/P LH end —	GY	4
C1105	LH side of frame at rear	<u>.</u>	Ŧ
	crossmember	вк	4
C1110	LH rear engine compartment61-9	BR	6
C1111	LH rear of frame	BR	3
		0.1	0

C1114	LH rear of frame		4
C1206	At rear crossmember	GY	3
C1907	Behind LH rear lamp 109-4	BR	3
C1951	Behind LH rear crossmember 109-5	BR	1
C1952	Behind LH rear lamp 109-4	BR	1
C1953	LH cowl center access hole —	GY	8
C1954	RH cowl center access hole —	GR	8
C1955	LH cowl area —		2
C1960	On fuse panel —	Ν	1
C1962	At fuse panel —	BL	2
C1963	LH frame rail	BK	2
C1964	Engine compartment LH side —	BK	4

SPLICE LOCATION

S101	Near inline fuel pump T/O
S108	Near tailgate power window switch T/O
S109	Near tailgate power window switch T/O
S110	Near fuel pump relay T/O —
S111	Near starter relay T/O —
S112	Near EEC module T/O —
S113	Near C115 T/O —
S114	Near C114 T/O —
S115	Near manifold pressure sensor T/O
S116	Near manifold pressure sensor T/O
S117	Near C100 T/O —
S118	Near EEC module T/O —
S119	Near E40D T/O —
S120	Near speed control amplifier T/O
S121	Near C112 T/O —
S123	Near EEC module T/O —
S124	Near backup lamp switch T/O —
S125	Near backup lamp switch T/O —
S126	Near C100 T/O —
S129	Near E40D Transmission —
S140	Between S142 and S143 —
S142	Near T/O to no. 4 fuel injector —
S143	Near T/O to no. 8 fuel injector —
S150	In ignition coil lead —
S152	Near LH backup lamp T/O —
S153	Near license lamp T/O —
S154	Near front fuel gauge sender T/O
S155	Near ERBP valve T/O
S156	Near fuel line heater T/O
S157	Near LH headlamp T/O —

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SPLICE LOCATION

S158	Near LH glow plugs T/O
S159	Near RH glow plugs T/O
S160	Near ignition coil T/O
S161	Near clutch interlock switch T/O
S162	Near heater control switch T/O
S163	Near heater control switch T/O
S165	In T/O to throttle air bypass solenoid
S167	In T/O to map sensor
S168	Near T/O to EEC diode
S170	Near battery
S172	Near T/O to EEC diode
S174	Near T/O to EEC power relay
S175	Near cooling fan relay T/O
S176	Near fuel tank selector valve T/O
S177	Near fuel tank selector valve T/O
S185	Near radio T/O
S190	Near backup lamp T/O
S200	Near clutch switch T/O
S201	Near T/O to C100
S202	Near T/O to fuel pump relay
S208	Near main light switch T/O
S216	Near steering column connector T/O
S217	Near ignition switch T/O
S220	Near LH courtesy lamp T/O
S221	Near ignition switch T/O
S270	Between T/O's to EEC power relay
S271	Near T/O to C178 (LH side)
S272	Near main light switch T/O
S276	Near T/O to C178 (LH side)
S270	Near T/O to C178 (RH side)
S303	Near main light switch T/O
S305	
S350	In ignition coil lead
	Near main light switch T/O
S352	Near vehicle speed sensor T/O
S353	Near vehicle speed sensor T/O
S360	Near LH horn T/O
S404	Near clutch switch T/O
S410	Behind I/P in cooling fan harness
S450	Near license lamp T/O
S451	Near license lamp T/O
S452	Near rear turn/stoplamp T/O
S501	Near RH courtesy lamp T/O
S503	Near instrument cluster T/O

SPLICE LOCATION

S504	Near instrument cluster T/O
S507	Near warning buzzer T/O
S508	Near warning buzzer T/O
S509	Near anti-lock brake module T/O
S510	Near anti-lock brake module T/O
S511	Near anti-lock brake module T/O
S512	Near fuel tank selector T/O
S513	Near fuse panel T/O
S515	Near driver's tailgate window switch T/O
S517	Near LH courtesy lamp T/O
S520	Near warning buzzer T/O
S530	Near clutch interlock switch T/O
S536	Near windshield wiper motor T/O
S538	Engine compartment near air charge sensor T/O
S543	Near brake sensor T/O
S545	Near LH headlamp T/O
S547	Engine compartment near HEGO ground T/O
S548	Engine compartment near #5 fuel injector T/O
S549	Engine compartment near #3 fuel injector T/O
S550	Near brake sensor T/O
S551	Engine compartment near #3 fuel injector T/O
S552	Engine compartment near throttle air bypass solenoid T/O
S554	Near speed sensor T/O
S555	Near ignition module T/O
S556	Near ignition module T/O
S560	Near fuel sedimenter bowl T/O
S562	Near A/C clutch T/O
S563	Near A/C clutch T/O
S567	Near T/O to A/C pressure cycling switch
S570	Near fuel tank sender T/O
S571	Near fuel tank sender T/O
S576	Near LH backup lamp T/O
S578	Near LH backup lamp T/O
S583	Near T/O to A/C clutch coil
S584	Near T/O to A/C clutch coil
S590	In LH door near power window switch T/O
S603	Near blower motor switch T/O
S701	Near blower resistor T/O
S801	
	Near headlamp switch T/O
S805	
	Near headlamp switch T/O
S805	Near headlamp switch T/O

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SPLICE LOCATION

S811	Near ignition switch T/O
S814	Near windshield wiper illumination lamp T/O
S815	Near G701 T/O
S850	Near main light switch T/O
S852	Near LH master window control switch T/O
S853	Near LH master window control T/O
S854	Front LH door near speaker T/O
S858	Near LH master window control T/O
S902	Near RH side marker lamp T/O
S903	Near fuel gauge sender and pump T/O
S904	Near license lamp T/O
S1004	Near ignition switch T/O
S1103	Near RH courtesy lamp T/O
S1108	Near rear marker lamp T/O
S1109	Near LH front side marker lamp T/O
S1152	Near RH front side marker lamp T/O
S1205	Near rear license lamp T/O
S1207	Near dome lamp T/O
S1208	Near dome lamp T/O
S1902	Near tailgate power window switch T/O

GROUND LOCATION

G208	Near throttle position solenoid
G209	Center of dash panel
G210	At electronic voltage regulator
G211	Near starter motor relay
G301	Near underhood lamp
G502	Behind LH side of I/P102-1
G701	Behind I/P at center
G703	At brace under steering column
G710	LH side of dash panel
G711	LH rear of engine
G751	At LH side of tailgate
G752	In LH door
G801	LH inner fender behind headlamp
G802	At RH inner fender behind headlamp
G803	At fuel sedimenter bowl
G804	At lower hole of LH quarter panel
G805	At RH inner fender behind headlamp
G903	At LH side of crossmember60-2
G909	At lower LH cowl access hole
G1006	Rear LH side of frame at rear crossmember61-9
G1201	At front LH side of engine

DIODE LOCATION

D100	150 mm (5.9 in.) from a/c clutch
D101	910 mm (35.9 in.) from cargo lamp
D200	
D201	520 mm (20.5 in.) from ignition switch

GROUND LOCATION

G111	 RH frame near battery	. 26-1
G116	 Near electronic engine control	. —
G117	 Near ignition coil	
	Behind I/P near center	
	LH rear of engine	
G156	 Center of dash panel	
G203	 On RH side of engine	21-1, 2

