

Ford Motor Company,

2001 Wiring Diagrams

Mustang

DEMO

This DEMO contains only a few pages of the entire manual/product.

Not all Bookmarks work on the Demo, but they do on the full version.

Features:

- Searchable text
- Printable pages
- Bookmarked for easy navigation
- High Resolution images
- Zoom to see exact details
- Money back Guarantee
- Transfer to USB flash drive support





Official Licensed Product Discover more ebooks! Visit our website: fordshopmanual.com

License #84356800

All Rights Reserved. No part of this book may be used or reproduced in any manner whatsoever without written permission of Forel Publishing Company, LLC. For information write to Forel Publishing Company, LLC, Woodbridge, VA 22192

2001 Mustang Wiring Diagrams EAN: 978-1-60371-436-5 ISBN: 1-60371-436-7

Forel Publishing Company, LLC Woodbridge, VA 22192



This publication contains material that is reproduced and distributed under a license from Ford Motor Company. No further reproduction or distribution of the Ford Motor Company material is allowed without the express written permission of Ford Motor Company.

Note from the Publisher

This product was created from the original Ford Motor Company's publication. Every effort has been made to use the original scanned images, however, due to the condition of the material; some pages have been modified to remove imperfections.

Disclaimer

Although every effort was made to ensure the accuracy of this book, no representations or warranties of any kind are made concerning the accuracy, completeness or suitability of the information, either expressed or implied. As a result, the information contained within this book should be used as general information only. The author and Forel Publishing Company, LLC shall have neither liability nor responsibility to any person or entity with respect to any loss or damage caused, or alleged to be caused, directly or indirectly by the information contained in this book. Further, the publisher and author are not engaged in rendering legal or other professional services. If legal, mechanical, electrical, or other expert assistance is required, the services of a competent professional should be sought.

WIRING DIAGRAMS FCS-12121-01

FORD CUSTOMER SERVICE DIVISION Quality is Job 1

Ford Customer Service Division has developed a new format for the 2001 Mustang Wiring Diagrams. Our goal is to provide accurate and timely electrical information.

2001 Wiring Diagrams Features

- Schematic pages now contain **Component Location** references to full-view illustrations and **Component Descriptions** that describe the system function of a component.
- "COMPONENT TESTING" procedures (CELL 149) that tell the user how to perform diagnostic tests on various circuits.
- Connector End Views are now located at the end of individual cells and are shown for connectors with five or more cavities; a circuit function chart is provided.
- NOTES, CAUTIONS and WARNINGS contain important safety information.
- Full view "COMPONENT LOCATION VIEWS" (CELL 151) to help locate on-vehicle components.
- Circuit voltages have been added to schematic pages to help simplify troubleshooting. Nonessential troubleshooting hints have been deleted.
- Cellular Pagination: A specific section (or cell) in all Wiring Diagrams is numbered by cell and starts with page 1. For example: "HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL" is CELL 2 and begins with page 2-1.
- "IN-LINE CONNECTOR FACES" (CELL 150) has been added for in-line connectors with six or more terminals, to aid in servicing electrical wiring.
- "C" numbers have been assigned for all electrical connectors. "C" numbers are listed in the "LOCATION INDEX" (CELL 152).
- "HARNESS CAUSAL PART NUMBERS" (CELL 153) has been added to aid in identifying warranty concerns.
- In-line connector numbers contain a suffix to denote connector "gender" type (F-socket, M-prior blade).

NOTE: The descriptions and specifications contained in this manual were in effect at the time this manual was approved for printing. Ford Motor Company reserves the right to discontinue models at any time, or change specifications or design without notice and without incurring any obligation.

ORDERING INFORMATION

To obtain information about ordering additional copies of this publication or to order any other Ford or Lincoln/Mercury publications, call 1-800-782-4356. Available publications include workshop manuals, wiring diagrams, PC/ED Manuals and Owner Guides.

In addition, you can obtain a publications order form by writing to: Ford Publications, care of Helm Inc., P.O. Box 07150, Detroit, MI 48207.

All rights reserved. Reproduction by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or by any information storage and retrieval system or translation in whole or part is not permitted without written authorization from Ford Motor Company.

Copyright © 2000, Ford Motor Company

1-1 TABLE OF CONTENTS/INDEX

Table of Contents	Remote Keyless Entry 111-1	POWER SEAT 13-
How to Use This Manual 2-1	Anti-Theft	POWER WINDOWS
Grounds 10-1	Luggage Compartment	Central Junction Box
Fuse Panel/Circuit Protection 11-1	Lid Release 113-1	Fuse 1
Charging System 12-1	Power Seats 120-1	Fuse 4
Power Distribution 13-1	Power Lumbar Seats 122-1	Fuse 5
Multiplex Communication Network 14-1	Power Mirrors	Fuse 6
Starting System 20-1	Radio 130-1	Fuse 7
Ignition System	Component Testing 149-1	Fuse 10
Electronic Engine Controls (3.8L) 23-1	In-Line Connector Faces 150-1	Fuse 11 13-6, 13-1
Electronic Engine Controls (4.6L 2V) . 24-1	Component Location Views 151-1	Fuse 13
Electronic Engine Controls (4.6L 4V) . 25-1	Location Index 152-1	Fuse 15
Transmission Controls (4R70W) 29-1	Harness Causal Part Number 153-1	Fuse 17
Speed Control	Vehicle Repair Location Codes 160-1	Fuse 18 13-5, 13-1
Cooling Fan 33-1		Fuse 19
Shift Lock 37-1	Index	Fuse 20 13-5, 13-1
Anti-lock Brake System (ABS) 42-1	Air Bag Restraint System 46-1	Fuse 21
Horn/Cigar Lighter	Air Conditioner/Heater 54-1	Fuse 23 13-6, 13-1
Air Bag Restraint System 46-1	Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) 42-1	Fuse 24
Air Conditioner/Heater 54-1	Anti-Theft	Fuse 25
Rear Window Defrost 56-1	Battery Junction Box	Fuse 26 13-5, 13-1
Multifunction Electronic	ABS 1 13-3	Fuse 27
Control Modules 59-1	ABS 2 13-3	Fuse 28 13-5, 13-1
Instrument Cluster 60-1	A/C PRESSURE 13-1	Fuse 29 13-6, 13-1
Warning Chime 66-1	ALT 13-1	Fuse 30 13-5, 13-1
Instrument Illumination 71-1	CONV TOP 13-3	Fuse 31
Interval Wiper/Washer 81-1	FAN 13-1	Fuse 32 13-5, 13-1
Headlamps 85-1	FOG, DRL 13-4	Fuse 33
Fog Lamps 86-1	FUEL PUMP 13-1	Fuse 34 13-5, 13-10
Courtesy Lamps 89-1	HD LPS 13-2, 13-13	Fuse 35
Daytime Running Lamps (DRL) 97-1	HORN 13-4	Fuse 36 13-5, 13-1
Turn/Stop/Hazard Lamps 90-1	HTD BL	Fuse 37
Exterior Lamps 92-1	IGN SW 13-2	Fuse 38 85-
Reversing Lamps 93-1	I/P 13-4	Fuse 39 13-
Power Windows 100-1	PARK LAMPS 13-2, 13-13	Fuse 41 90-
Convertible Top 102-1	PCM PWR 13-2	Charging System 12-
Power Door Locks	POWER POINT 13-3	Cigar Lighter 44-

TABLE OF CONTENTS/INDEX

		2001 MUSTAN
Component Location Views 151-1	G103	Fog 86-1
Component Testing	G104 10-2	Hazard 90-1
Driver Seat Control Switch 149-10	G105	Headlamps 85-1
Exterior Rear View Mirror 149-11	G201	License 92-1
Ignition Switch 149-2	G203	Park
Introduction 149-1	G204	Front 92-1
Main Light Switch 149-1	G205	Rear 92-1
Master Window/Door Lock	G300	Reversing
Control Switch 149-5, 149-6,	G400 10-7	Side
149-7, 149-8	G402	Front
Micro ISO Relay 149-13	Harness Causal Part Numbers 153-1	Rear 92-1
Mini ISO Relay 149-12	Headlamps 85-1	Stop
Multifunction Switch 149-3, 149-4	Horn	Turn
Right Window/Door Lock	Ignition Switch	Front 90-2
Control Switch	Ignition System	Rear 90-3
Convertible Top 102-1	Indicators	Lamps (Interior)
Courtesy Lamps	Air Bag 60-2	Courtesy
Daytime Running Lamps (DRL) 97-1	Anti-Lock 60-1	Instrument Illumination 71-1
Defrost (Rear Window) 56-1	Anti-Theft 60-2	Interior
Door Locks (Power) 110-1	Brake 60-2	Luggage Compartment 89-4
Electronic Engine Control (3.8L) 23-1	Charge 60-2	Map 89-2, 89-3
Electronic Engine Control (4.6L 2V) 24-1	Fasten Belts 60-2	Vanity Mirror 89-2, 89-3
Electronic Engine Control (4.6L 4V) 25-1	High Beam 60-2	Location Index
Exterior Lamps	Left Turn 60-2	Luggage Compartment Lid Release 113-1
Fog Lamps 86-1	Low Coolant 60-2	Main Light Switch
Fuse Panel/Circuit Protection 11-1	Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)	Mirrors (Power) 124-1
Gauges	(Check Engine)	Multiplex Communication Network 14-1
Fuel 60-1	Right Turn 60-2	Power Distribution
Oil Pressure 60-1	Transmission Control Indicator	Power Door Locks
Speedometer 60-2	Lamp (TCIL) (OD OFF) 60-2	Power Lumbar Seat 122-1
Tachometer 60-2	In-Line Connector Faces 150-1	Power Mirrors
Temperature 60-2	Instrument Cluster 60-1	Power Windows
Voltmeter 60-2	Instrument Illumination 71-1	Convertible
Generic Electronic Module (GEM) 59-1	Interval Wiper/Washer 81-1	Coupe 100-3
Grounds	Lamps (Exterior)	Radio
G101 10-3	Daytime Running 97-1	Premium Sound
G102 10-1	Exterior 92-1	MACH 460 130-3

1-3 TABLE OF CONTENTS/INDEX

2001 MUSTANG

Rear Window Defrost 56-1
Remote/Keyless Entry 111-1
Reversing Lamps 93-1
Seats (Lumbar) 122-1
Shift Lock 37-1
Speed Control 31-1
Starting System 20-1
Turn/Stop/Hazard Lamps 90-1
Vehicle Repair Location Codes 160-1
Warning Chime 66-1
Windows (Power) 100-1
Wiper/Washer (Interval) 81-1

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

Appropriate service methods and proper repair procedures are essential for the safe, reliable operation of all motor vehicles, as well as the personal safety of the individual doing the work. This Manual provides general directions for accomplishing service and repair work with tested, effective techniques. Following them will help assure reliability.

There are numerous variations in procedures, techniques, tools, and parts for servicing vehicles, as well as in the skill of the individual doing the work. This Manual cannot possibly anticipate all such variations and provide advice or cautions as to each. Accordingly, anyone who departs from the instructions provided in this Manual must first establish that the choice of methods, tools, or parts does not compromise personal safety or the vehicle integrity.

2-1 HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

2001 MUSTANG

The purpose of this manual is to show electrical circuits in a clear and simple fashion to make trouble-shooting easier. **NOTES, CAUTIONS** and **WARN-INGS** contain important information.

- NOTES describe how switches and other components operate to help complete a particular procedure.
- CAUTIONS provide information that could prevent making an error that may damage the vehicle.
- WARNINGS provide information to prevent personal injury.

The **WARNINGS** list on page 2-2 contains general warnings to follow when servicing a vehicle.

Components that work together are shown together. All electrical components used in a specific system are shown on one diagram. The circuit breaker or fuse is shown at the top of the page. All wires, connectors, components and splices are shown in the flow of current to ground at the bottom of the page. If a component is used in several different systems, it is shown in several places. For example, the Main Light Switch is electrically a part of many systems and is repeated on many pages.

In some cases, a component may seem (by its name) to belong to a system where it has no electrical connection. For example, Radio Illumination is electrically part of Instrument Illumination, but because it has no electrical connection to the Radio system, it is not shown on the Radio diagram.

Schematic pages contain references to full-view illustrations and description notes for various components. The references are reverse-text blocks located next to each component and connector and refer the user to the appropriate illustration page and zone. The description notes describe the operation of the component.

Schematic pages contain circuit voltages to help simplify troubleshooting hints. 12V is used to imply battery voltage on a component connector terminal, and 0V is used to show that there should be continuity to ground on that particular terminal. Conditional voltages such as "12V with the ignition switch in RUN" will also be provided. Troubleshooting hints that can't be simplified with circuit voltages will be shown at the end of each cell.

Component connector face information specific to a certain cell is found at the end of that cell. A Connector Face Reference List is provided to locate connector faces that are shown in different cells. Component connectors with five or more terminals are illustrated and are accompanied by a pinout chart that lists the function of all circuitry associated with that component.

"GROUNDS" (Cell 10) contains ground circuitry shown in complete detail. This information is useful for checking interconnections of the ground circuits of different systems.

"POWER DISTRIBUTION" (Cell 13) contains power distribution circuitry shown in complete detail. This section displays how the various fuses are powered and, in turn, how each system is powered.

"COMPONENT TESTING" (Cell 149) contains testing procedures for various switches. This information includes schematics, component terminal locations and step-by-step procedures.

"IN-LINE CONNECTOR FACES" (Cell 150) contains illustrations of all the in-line connectors that have 6 or more terminals. The terminals have pin numbers assigned to them.

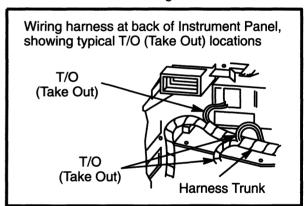
"COMPONENT LOCATION VIEWS" (Cell 151) contains full-view illustrations which show the location of components and connectors in the vehicle.

The "LOCATION INDEX" (Cell 152) provides the base part numbers, locations, connector face references and illustration references for all components, connectors, splices and grounds.

HELPFUL REMINDERS

Before using the wiring diagrams for troubleshooting, refer to these HELPFUL REMINDERS:

 The abbreviation T/O, for take out, used in the Location Index (Cell 152), refers to the point at which a group of wires branch off the harness trunk. Refer to the wiring harness illustration.



2. If a connector serves the same purpose in two separate versions (e.g., Automatic/Manual), but is physically different, two connector numbers are used. However, if a connector serves the same purpose in two separate versions (e.g., Automatic/Manual) and is physically the same, but the wire colors are different, only one connector number is used. If the same physical connector is used more than once, then more than one connector number is used.

3. Wiring schematics provide a picture of how and under what conditions the circuit is powered, of the current path to circuit components, and of how a circuit is grounded. Each circuit component is named (underlined titles). Wire and connector colors are listed as follows (standard Ford color abbreviations are used):

COLOR ABBREVIATIONS

BU	Blue	NA	Natural
BK	Black	OG	Orange
BN	Brown	PK	Pink
DB	Dark Blue	VT	Purple
DG	Dark Green	RD	Red
GN	Green	SR	Silver
GY	Gray	TN	Tan
LB	Light Blue	WH	White
LG	Light Green	YE	Yellow

Note: Whenever a wire is labeled with two colors, the first color listed is the basic color of the wire, and the second color listed is the stripe marking of the wire.

4. When reporting Vehicle Repair Location Codes to Ford Customer Service Division, refer to Cell 160 (beginning on page 160-1). Note: Do *not* use the illustrations in Cell 151 (beginning on page 151-1) for reporting Vehicle Repair Location Codes.

5. WARNINGS

- Always wear safety glasses for eye protection.
- Use safety stands whenever a procedure requires being under a vehicle.
- Be sure that the Ignition Switch is always in the OFF position, unless otherwise required by the procedure.
- Set the parking brake when working on any vehicle. An automatic transmission should be in PARK. A manual transmission should be in NEUTRAL.
- Operate the engine only in a well-ventilated area to avoid danger of carbon monoxide.
- Keep away from moving parts, especially the fan and belts, when the engine is running.
- To prevent serious burns, avoid contact with hot metal parts such as the radiator, exhaust manifold, tail pipe, catalytic converter and muffler.
- Do not allow flame or sparks near the battery.
 Gases are always present in and around the battery cell. An explosion could occur.
- Do not smoke when working on a vehicle.
- To avoid injury, always remove rings, watches, loose hanging jewelry and avoid wearing loose clothing.

HOW TO FIND ELECTRICAL CONCERNS

TROUBLESHOOTING STEPS

These six steps present an orderly method of troubleshooting.

Step 1. Verify the concern.

Operate the complete system to check the accuracy and completeness of the customer's complaint.

Step 2. Narrow the concern.

- Using the wiring diagrams, narrow down the possible causes and locations of the concern to pinpoint the exact cause.
- Read the description notes at the components and study the wiring schematic. You should then know enough about the circuit operation to determine where to check for the trouble. Further information can be found by referring to the Service Manual pages listed in the box at the top of the page.

Step 3. Test the suspected cause.

- Use electrical test procedures to find the specific cause of the symptoms.
- The component location reference bars and the pictures will help you find components. The Location Index (at the end of the manual) gives component location information for connectors, diodes, resistors, splices and grounds.

Step 4. Verify the cause.

 Confirm that you have found the correct cause by connecting jumper wires and/or temporarily installing a known good component and operating the circuit.

Step 5. Make the repair.

Repair or replace the inoperative component.

Step 6. Verify the repair.

 Operate the system as in Step 1 and check that your repair has removed all symptoms without creating any new symptoms.

2-3 HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

2001 MUSTANG

Some engine circuits may need special test equipment and special procedures. See the *Workshop Manual* and other service books for details. You will find the circuits in this manual to be helpful with those special test procedures.

TROUBLESHOOTING TOOLS

JUMPER WIRE

This is a test lead used to connect two points of a circuit. A Jumper Wire can bypass an open to complete a circuit.

WARNING

Never use a jumper wire across loads (motors, etc.) connected between hot and ground. This direct battery short may cause injury or fire.

VOLTMETER

A DC Voltmeter measures circuit voltage. Connect negative (- or black) lead to ground, and positive (+ or red) lead to voltage measuring point.

OHMMETER

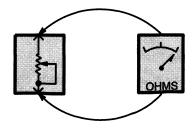


Figure 1 - Resistance Check

An Ohmmeter shows the resistance between two connected points (Figure 1).

TEST LAMP

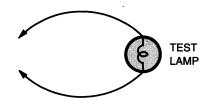


Figure 2 – Test Lamp

A Test Light is a 12-volt bulb with two test leads (Figure 2).

Uses: Voltage Check, Short Check.

SELF-POWERED TEST LAMP

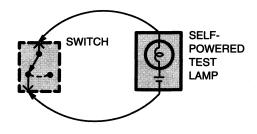


Figure 3 - Continuity Check

The Self-Powered Test Lamp is a bulb, battery and set of test leads wired in series (Figure 3). When connected to two points of a continuous circuit, the bulb glows.

Uses: Continuity Check, Ground Check.

CAUTION

When using a self-powered test lamp or ohmmeter, be sure power is off in circuit during testing. Hot circuits can cause equipment damage and false readings.

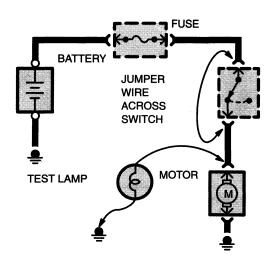


Figure 4 – Switch Circuit Check and Voltage Check

In an inoperative circuit with a switch in series with the load, jumper the terminals of the switch to power the load. If jumpering the terminals powers the circuit, the switch is inoperative (Figure 4).

CONTINUITY CHECK (Locating open circuits)

Connect one lead of Self-Powered Test Lamp or Ohmmeter to each end of circuit (Figure 3). Lamp will glow if circuit is closed. Switches and fuses can be checked in the same way.

VOLTAGE CHECK

Connect one lead of test lamp to a known good ground or the negative (-) battery terminal. Test for voltage by touching the other lead to the test point. Bulb goes on when the test point has voltage (Figure 4).

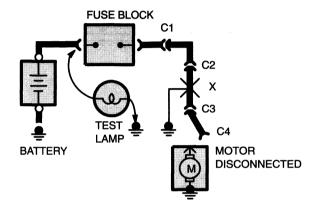


Figure 5 - Short Check

A fuse that repeatedly blows is usually caused by a short to ground. It's important to be able to locate such a short quickly (Figure 5).

- 1. Turn off everything powered through the fuse.
- Disconnect other loads powered through the fuse:
 - Motors: disconnect motor connector (Connector C4 in Figure 5).
 - Lights: remove bulbs.
- 3. Turn Ignition Switch to RUN (if necessary) to power fuse.

- 4. Connect one Test Lamp lead to hot end of blown fuse. Connect other lead to ground. Bulb should glow, showing power to fuse. (This step is just a check to be sure you have power to the circuit.)
- 5. Disconnect the test lamp lead that is connected to ground, and reconnect it to the load side of the fuse at the connector of the disconnected component. (In Figure 5, connect the test lamp lead to connector C4.)
- If the Test Lamp is off, the short is in the disconnected component.
- If the Test Lamp goes on, the short is in the wiring. You must find the short by disconnecting the circuit connectors, one at a time, until the Test Lamp goes out. For example, in Figure 5 with a ground at X, the bulb goes out when C1 or C2 is disconnected, but not after disconnecting C3. This means the short is between C2 and C3.

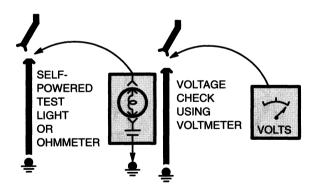


Figure 6 - Ground Check

Turn on power to the circuit. Perform a Voltage Check between the suspected inoperative ground and the frame. Any indicated voltage means that the ground is inoperative (Figure 6).

Turn off power to the circuit. Connect one lead of a Self-Powered Test Lamp or Ohmmeter to the wire in question and the other lead to a known ground. If the bulb glows, the circuit ground is OK (Figure 6).

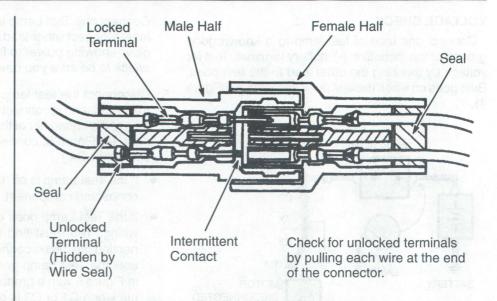
The circuit schematics in this manual make it easy to identify common points in circuits. This knowledge can help narrow the concern to a specific area. For example, if several circuits fail at the same time, check for a common power or ground connection (see *Power Distribution* or *Grounds*). If part of a circuit fails, check the connections between the part that works and the part that doesn't work.

For example, if the low beam headlamps work, but the high beams and the indicator lamp don't work, then power and ground paths must be good. Since the dimmer switch is the component that switches this power to the high beam lights and indicator, it is most likely the cause of failure.

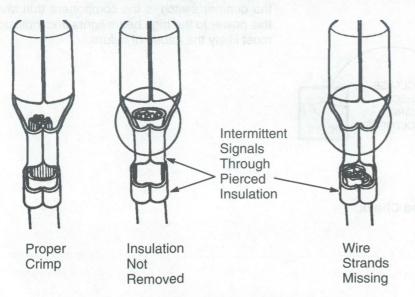
TROUBLESHOOTING WIRING HARNESS AND CONNECTOR HIDDEN CONCERNS

The following illustrations are known examples of wiring harness, splices and connectors that will create intermittent electrical concerns. The concerns are hidden and can only be discovered by a physical evaluation as shown in each illustration.

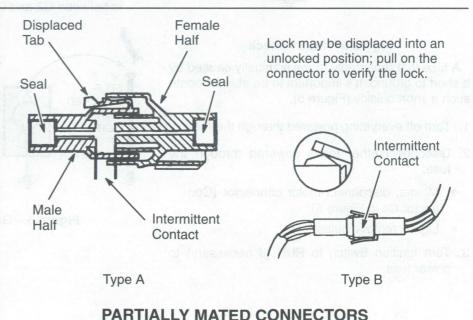
NOTE: Several components, such as the PCM, utilize gold plated terminals in their connections to the wiring harness. If those terminals need to be replaced, they must be replaced with a gold plated terminal.

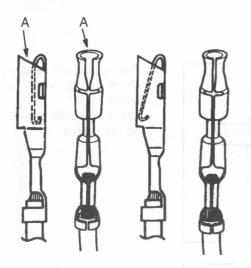


TERMINAL NOT PROPERLY SEATED







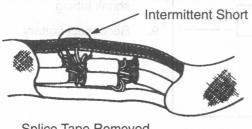


Any probe entering the terminal may enlarge the contact spring opening creating an intermittent signal. Insert the correct mating terminal (Location A) from the service kit and feel for a loose fit.

Enlarged

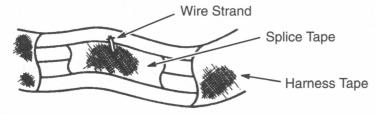
Normal

DEFORMED (ENLARGED) FEMALE TERMINALS



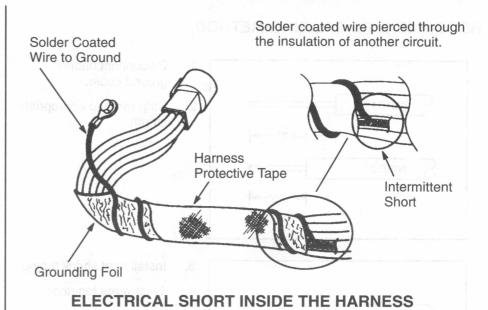
Operate the system and flex the harness at splice location noted in Section 152.

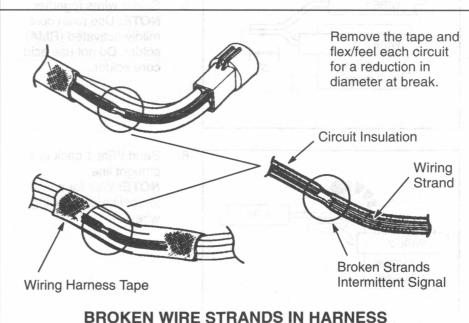
Splice Tape Removed



Splice Covered

ELECTRICAL SHORT WITHIN THE HARNESS

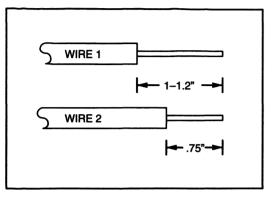




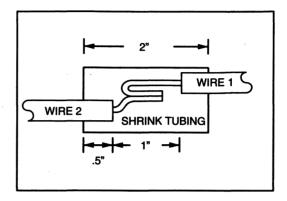
2-7 HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

2001 MUSTANG

RECOMMENDED SPLICING METHOD:

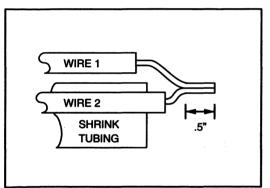


- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- 2. Strip wires to appropriate length.

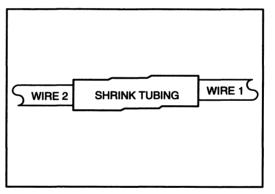


 Evenly position heat shrink tubing over wire repair.

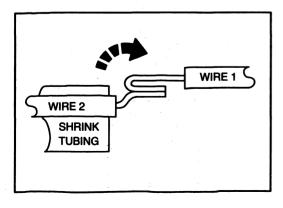
NOTE: Overlap tubing on both wires.



- 3. Install heat shrink tubing.
- 4. Twist wires together.
- Solder wires together.
 NOTE: Use rosin core mildly-activated (RMA) solder. Do not use acid core solder.



- 8. Use heat gun to heat the repaired area until adhesive flows out of both ends of heat shrink tubing.
- 9. Reconnect battery ground cable.



 Bend Wire 1 back in a straight line.
 NOTE: Wait for solder to cool before moving wires.

ELECTRICAL SYMBOLS



DASHED COMPONENT BOX ONLY PART OF THE COMPONENT IS SHOWN

ON THE PAGE; THE COMPONENT IS SHOWN COMPLETE IN ANOTHER

LOCATION

COMPONENT

WITH **CONNECTORS**



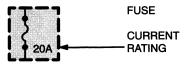


AND IS NOT EXACT

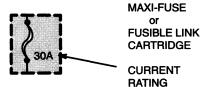
ELECTRONIC COMPONENT **SOLID STATE ANY CIRCUITRY** SHOWN INSIDE THE **BOX IS A FUNCTIONAL EQUIVALENT ONLY**

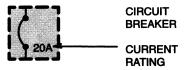
SEALED

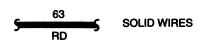
GROUND CONNECTION



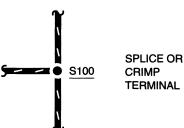








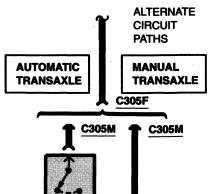




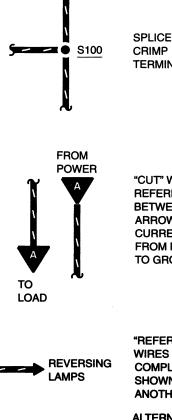
"CUT" WIRES **REFERENCED BETWEEN PAGES ARROWS SHOW CURRENT FLOW FROM POWER** TO GROUND



"REFERENCE" **WIRES COMPLETE WIRING** SHOWN ON **ANOTHER PAGE**



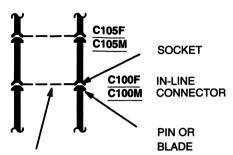




2-9 HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

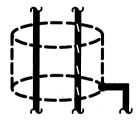
2001 MUSTANG

ELECTRICAL SYMBOLS



SINGLE DASHED LINE INDICATES
THAT WIRE ON LEFT ALSO
PASSES THROUGH THE SAME
CONNECTOR

SEE GROUNDS PAGES 10-1, 10-2 DASHED WIRE CIRCUITRY IS NOT SHOWN IN COMPLETE DETAIL, BUT IS COMPLETE ON ANOTHER PAGE



SHIELD WIRES ARE COVERED BY A SHIELD



FIELD COIL



MOTOR



HEATING ELEMENT



THERMISTOR



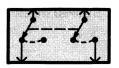
RHEOSTAT OR POTENTIOMETER



SOLENOID



SWITCH



GANGED SWITCHES CONTACTS MOVE AT THE SAME TIME



DIODES
CURRENT FLOWS
IN DIRECTION OF
ARROW ONLY



CAPACITOR



OR A

TRANSISTOR



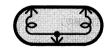
GAUGE



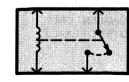
LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED)



LIGHT BULB



DUAL FILAMENT LIGHT BULB

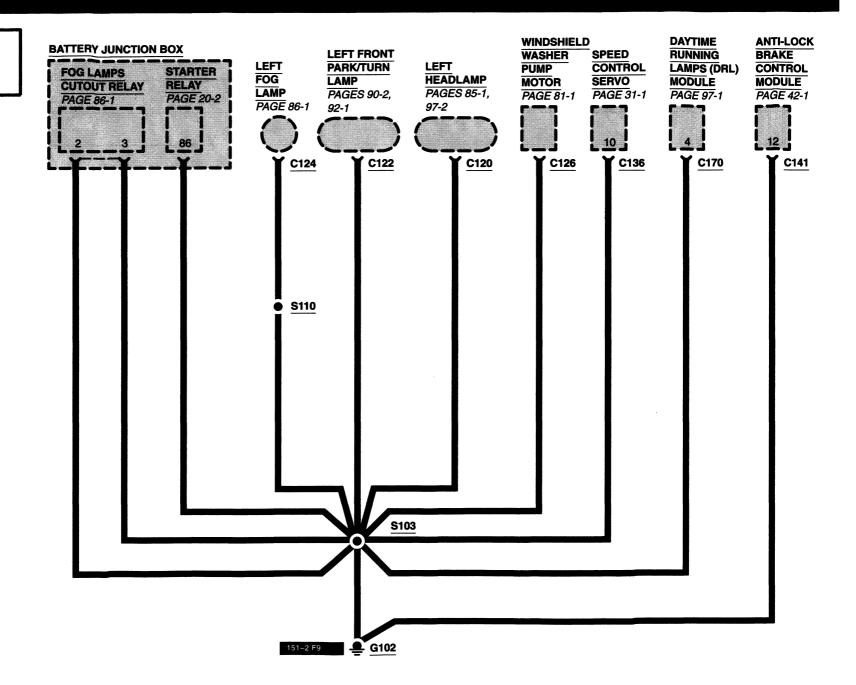


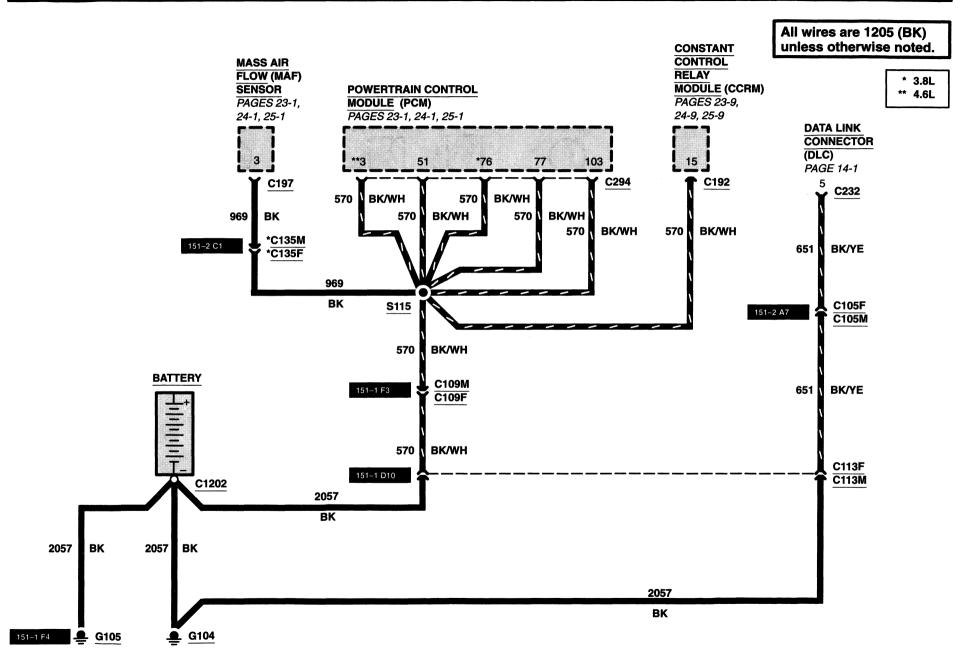
RELAY CONTACTS CHANGE POSITION WITH CURRENT THROUGH COIL

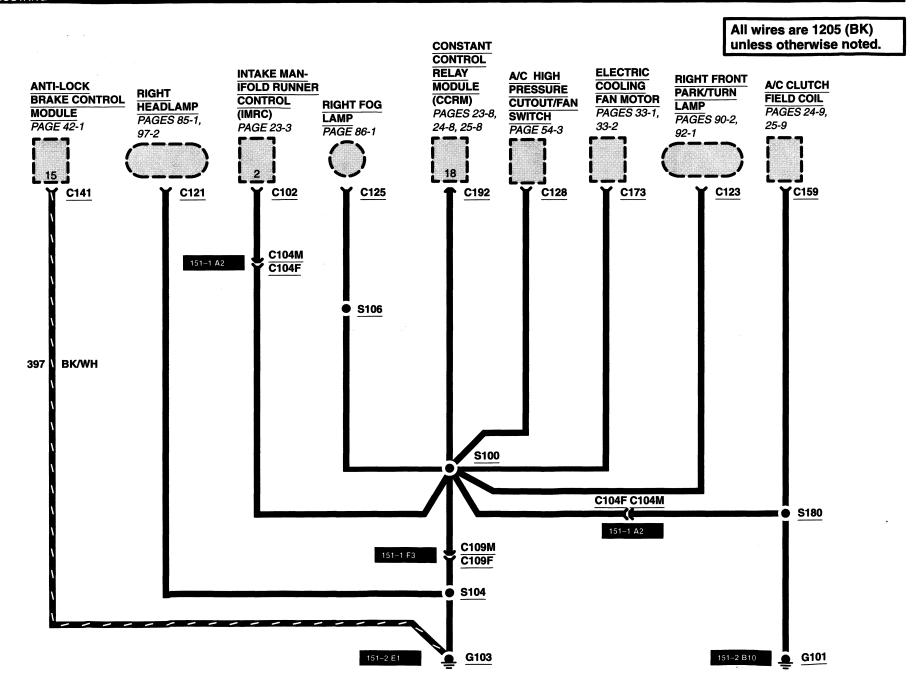
10-1 GROUNDS

2001 MUSTANG

All wires are 1205 (BK) unless otherwise noted.



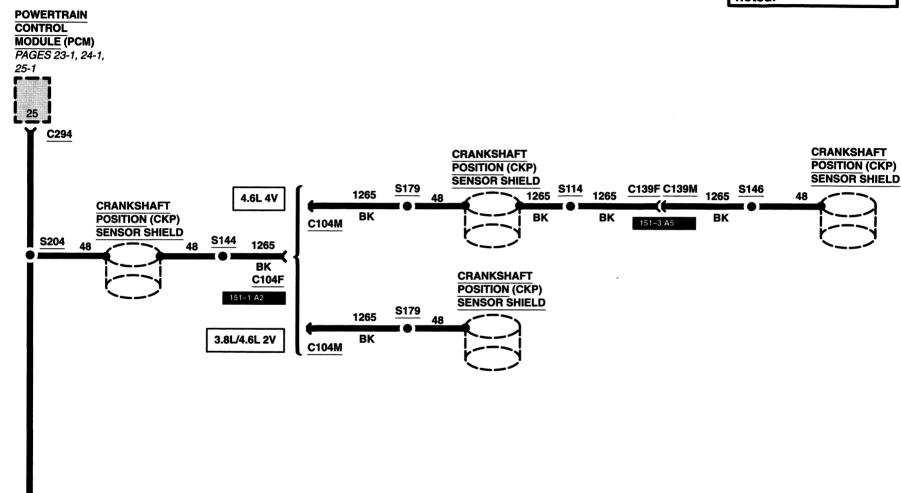




GROUNDS 10-4

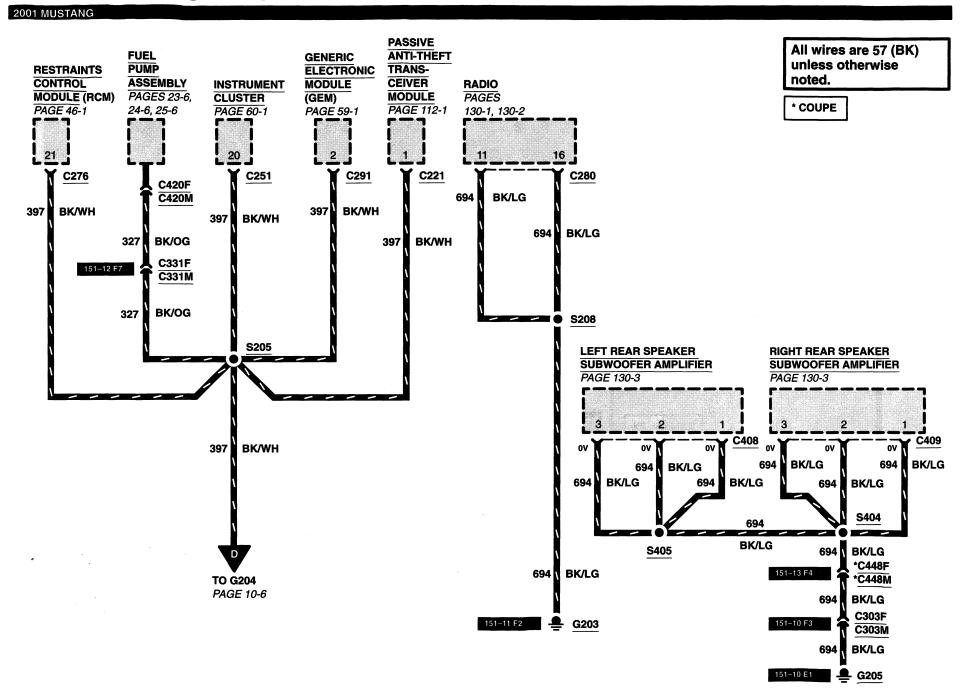
2001 MUSTANG

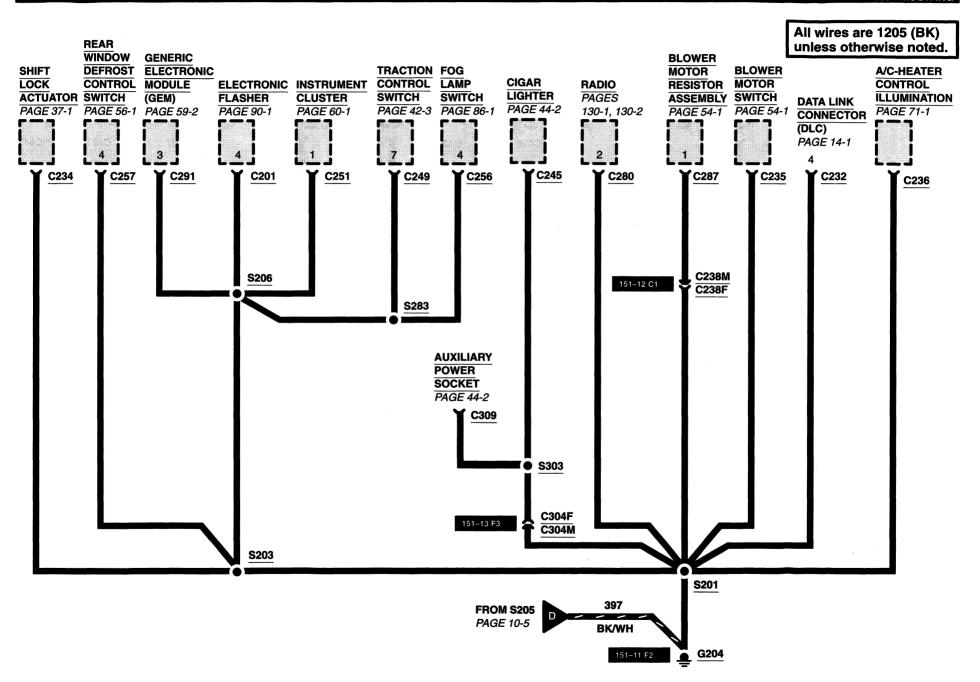
All wires are 1205 (BK) unless otherwise noted.



151-10 F8 **G201**

10-5 GROUNDS





10-7 GROUNDS

